AMENDMENT NO. Calend	lar No.
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Purpose: To specify minimum periods between deployment of units and members of the Armed Forces deployed for Operation Iraqi Freedom and Operation Enduring Freedom.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES-110th Cong., 1st Sess.

H.R.1585

To authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2008 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes.

Referred to the Committee on _____ and ordered to be printed

Ordered to lie on the table and to be printed

Amendment intended to be proposed by Mr. Webb (for himself, Mr. Reid, Mr. Hagel, Mr. Levin, Ms. Snowe, Mr. Smith, Mr. Obama, Mrs. Clinton, Mr. Byrd, Mr. Kennedy, Mr. Salazar, Mr. Harkin, Mr. Brown, Mrs. Lincoln, Ms. Klobuchar, Mr. Dodd, Mr. Biden, Mr. Lautenberg, Mr. Kerry, Mr. Durbin, Mr. Tester, Mrs. McCaskill, Mr. Schumer, Mr. Pryor, Mr. Sanders, Ms. Mikulski, Ms. Cantwell, Ms. Stabenow, Ms. Landrieu, Mr. Johnson, Mr. Carper, Mr. Rockefeller, Mrs. Murray, Mrs. Feinstein, Mr. Akaka, and Mr. Menendez)

Viz:

1 At the end of subtitle C of title X, add the following:

1	SEC. 1031. MINIMUM PERIODS BETWEEN DEPLOYMENT FOR
2	UNITS AND MEMBERS OF THE ARMED
3	FORCES DEPLOYED FOR OPERATION IRAQI
4	FREEDOM AND OPERATION ENDURING FREE-
5	DOM.
6	(a) FINDINGS.—Congress makes the following find-
7	ings:
8	(1) Congress expresses its grateful thanks to
9	the men and women of the Armed Forces of the
10	United States for having served their country with
11	great distinction under enormously difficult cir-
12	cumstances since September 11, 2001.
13	(2) The all-volunteer force of the Armed Forces
14	of the United States is bearing a disproportionate
15	share of national wartime sacrifice, and, as stewards
16	of this national treasure, Congress must not place
17	that force at unacceptable risk.
18	(3) The men and women members of the Armed
19	Forces of the United States and their families are
20	under enormous strain from multiple, extended com-
21	bat deployments to Iraq and Afghanistan.
22	(4) Extended, high-tempo deployments to Iraq
23	and Afghanistan have adversely affected the readi-
24	ness of non-deployed Army and Marine Corps units,
25	thereby jeopardizing their capability to respond
26	quickly and effectively to other crises or contin-

- gencies in the world, and complicating the all-volunteer policy of recruitment, as well as the retention, of career military personnel.
 - (5) Optimal time between operational deployments, commonly described as "dwell time", is critically important to allow members of the Armed Forces to readjust from combat operations, bond with families and friends, generate more predictable operational tempos, and provide sufficient time for units to retrain, reconstitute, and assimilate new members.
 - (6) It is the goal of the Armed Forces of the United States to achieve an optimal minimum period between the previous deployment of a unit or member of a regular component of the Armed Forces and a subsequent deployment of such a unit or member that is equal to or longer than twice the period of such previous deployment, commonly described as a 1:2 deployment-to-dwell ratio.
 - (7) It is the goal of the Department of Defense that units and members of the reserve components of the Armed Forces of the United States should not be mobilized continuously for more than one year, and that a period of five years should elapse between the previous deployment of such a unit or member

- and a subsequent deployment of such unit or member.
- 3 (8) In support of continuous operations in Iraq,
 4 Afghanistan, and other contested areas, the Army
 5 has been required to deploy units and members to
 6 Iraq for 15 months with a 12-month dwell-time pe7 riod between deployments, resulting in a less than
 8 1:1 deployment-to-dwell ratio.
 - (9) In support of continuous operations in Iraq, Afghanistan, and other contested areas, the Marine Corps currently is deploying units and members to Iraq for approximately seven months, with a sevenmenth dwell-time period between deployments, but it is not unusual for selected units and members of the Marine Corps to be deployed with less than a 1:1 deployment-to-dwell ratio.
 - (10) In support of continuous operations in Iraq, Afghanistan, and other contested areas, the Department of Defense has relied upon the reserve components of the Armed Forces of the United States to a degree that is unprecedented in the history of the all-volunteer force. Units and members of the reserve components are frequently mobilized and deployed for periods beyond the stated goals of the Department.

1	(11) The Commander of the Multi-National
2	Force-Iraq recently testified to Congress that he
3	would like Soldiers, Marines, and other forces have
4	more time with their families between deployments,
5	a reflection of his awareness of the stress and strain
6	placed on United States ground forces, in particular,
7	and on other high-demand, low-density assets, by op-
8	erations in Iraq and Afghanistan.
9	(b) Minimum Period for Units and Members of
10	THE REGULAR COMPONENTS.—
11	(1) In general.—No unit or member of the
12	Armed Forces specified in paragraph (3) may be de-
13	ployed for Operation Iraqi Freedom or Operation
14	Enduring Freedom (including participation in the
15	NATO International Security Assistance Force (Af-
16	ghanistan)) unless the period between the deploy-
17	ment of the unit or member is equal to or longer
18	than the period of such previous deployment.
19	(2) Sense of congress on optimal minimum
20	PERIOD BETWEEN DEPLOYMENTS.—It is the sense
21	of Congress that the optimal minimum period be-
22	tween the previous deployment of a unit or member
23	of the Armed Forces specified in paragraph (3) to
24	Operation Iraqi Freedom or Operation Enduring
25	Freedom and a subsequent deployment of the unit

1	or member to Operation Iraqi Freedom or Operation
2	Enduring Freedom should be equal to or longer than
3	twice the period of such previous deployment.
4	(3) COVERED UNITS AND MEMBERS.—The
5	units and members of the Armed Forces specified in
6	this paragraph are as follows:
7	(A) Units and members of the regular
8	Army.
9	(B) Units and members of the regular Ma-
10	rine Corps.
11	(C) Units and members of the regular
12	Navy.
13	(D) Units and members of the regular Air
14	Force.
15	(E) Units and members of the regular
16	Coast Guard.
17	(c) MINIMUM PERIOD FOR UNITS AND MEMBERS OF
18	THE RESERVE COMPONENTS.—
19	(1) In general.—No unit or member of the
20	Armed Forces specified in paragraph (3) may be de-
21	ployed for Operation Iraqi Freedom or Operation
22	Enduring Freedom (including participation in the
23	NATO International Security Assistance Force (Af-
24	ghanistan)) if the unit or member has been deployed

1	at any time within the three years preceding the
2	date of the deployment covered by this subsection.
3	(2) Sense of congress on mobilization
4	AND OPTIMAL MINIMUM PERIOD BETWEEN DEPLOY-
5	MENTS.—It is the sense of Congress that—
6	(A) the units and members of the reserve
7	components of the Armed Forces should not be
8	mobilized continuously for more than one year;
9	and
10	(B) the optimal minimum period between
11	the previous deployment of a unit or member of
12	the Armed Forces specified in paragraph (3) to
13	Operation Iraqi Freedom or Operation Endur-
14	ing Freedom and a subsequent deployment of
15	the unit or member to Operation Iraqi Freedom
16	or Operation Enduring Freedom should be five
17	years.
18	(3) COVERED UNITS AND MEMBERS.—The
19	units and members of the Armed Forces specified in
20	this paragraph are as follows:
21	(A) Units and members of the Army Re-
22	serve.
23	(B) Units and members of the Army Na-
24	tional Guard.

1	(C) Units and members of the Marine
2	Corps Reserve.
3	(D) Units and members of the Navy Re-
4	serve.
5	(E) Units and members of the Air Force
6	Reserve.
7	(F) Units and members of the Air Na-
8	tional Guard.
9	(G) Units and members of the Coast
10	Guard Reserve.
11	(d) Inapplicability to Special Operations
12	FORCES.—The limitations in subsections (b) and (c) shall
13	not apply with respect to forces that are considered special
14	operations forces for purposes of section 167(i) of title 10,
15	United States Code.
16	(e) Waiver by the President.—The President
17	may waive the limitation in subsection (b) or (c) with re-
18	spect to the deployment of a unit or member of the Armed
19	Forces specified in such subsection if the President cer-
20	tifies to Congress that the deployment of the unit or mem-
21	ber is necessary to meet an operational emergency posing
22	a threat to vital national security interests of the United
23	States.
24	(f) Waiver by Miliary Chief of Staff or Com-
25	MANDANT FOR VOLUNTARY MORILIZATIONS —

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1	(1) Army.—With respect to the deployment of
2	a member of the Army who has voluntarily re-
3	quested mobilization, the limitation in subsection (b)
4	or (c) may be waived by the Chief of Staff of the
5	Army (or the designee of the Chief of Staff of the
6	Army).
7	(2) NAVY.—With respect to the deployment of
8	a member of the Navy who has voluntarily requested
9	mobilization, the limitation in subsection (b) or (c)
10	may be waived by the Chief of Naval Operations (or
11	the designee of the Chief of Naval Operations).
12	(3) Marine corps.—With respect to the de-
13	ployment of a member of the Marine Corps who has
14	voluntarily requested mobilization, the limitation in
15	subsection (b) or (c) may be waived by the Com-
16	mandant of the Marine Corps (or the designee of the
17	Commandant of the Marine Corps).
18	(4) AIR FORCE.—With respect to the deploy-
19	ment of a member of the Air Force who has volun-
20	tarily requested mobilization, the limitation in sub-
21	section (b) or (c) may be waived by the Chief of
22	Staff of the Air Force (or the designee of the Chief
23	of Staff of the Air Force).
24	(5) Coast guard.—With respect to the deploy-

ment of a member of the Coast Guard who has vol-

- 1 untarily requested mobilization, the limitation in
- 2 subsection (b) or (c) may be waived by the Com-
- 3 mandant of the Coast Guard (or the designee of the
- 4 Commandant of the Coast Guard).
- 5 (g) Effective Date.—In order to afford the De-
- 6 partment of Defense sufficient time to plan and organize
- 7 the implementation of the provisions of this section, the
- 8 provisions of this section shall go into effect 120 days after
- 9 the date of the enactment of this Act.